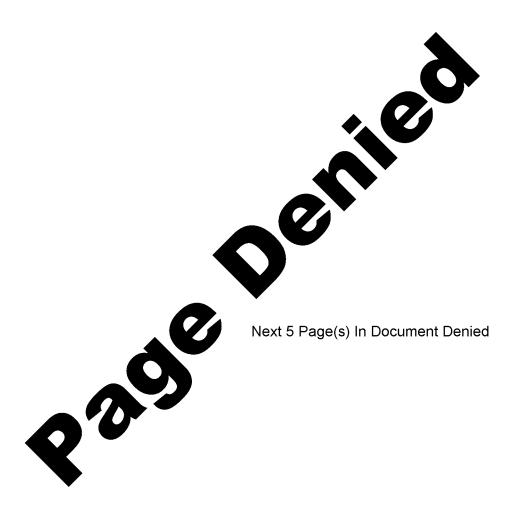
Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/06/08: CIA-RDP80T00246A038100560001-7 INFORMATION CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY aterial contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the 18, U.S.C. Secs. 793 and 794, the transmission or revelation of which in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. S-E-C-R-E-T ESSING COPY 25X1 COUNTRY Poland **REPORT** 1 8 NOV 1957 DATE DISTR. SUBJECT 1. Main Aeronautical Research Institute in Warsaw (description of 2. Polish Aircraft Plants NO. PAGES 3. Other Polish Industrial Installations REQUIREMENT NO. 4. Okecie Civilian Airport RD all in volve slight descr REFERENCES 25X1 PLACE & DATE ACQ. 25X1 SOURCE EVALUATIONS ARE DEFINITIVE. APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE. A report containing information on the following (1) Main Aeronautical Research Institute in Warsaw (2) WSK Aircraft Plant in Warsaw (3) WSK Aircraft Plant in Mielec. (4) WSK Aircraft Plant in Psie Pole near Wroclaw (Breslau). (5) WSK Aircraft Plant in Rzeszow. (6) Electrical Equipment Plant, T-11, in Warsaw (7) Electric Transformer Plant at Zychlin. (8) Electrical Equipment Plant at Swidnica (9) Oswiecim Chemical Plant at Dwory near Oswiecim. (10)Huta Korzeusko (Korzeusko Foundry - sie) in Chorzow (11)Labedy Foundry in Labedy. 25X1 (12)Okecie Airport S-E-C-R-E-T STATE X ARMY X NAVY X AIR indicated by "X"; Field distribution by "#".) 25X1 3

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(April 1957)

Name

"Glowni Instytut Lotnicwa" (GIL).

Location

	On Aleja	Kahowska,	in	Warsaw's	9th	district,	about	one	kilometer	Trom	
the	airfield.										25X1

General Remarks

Established between 1948 and 1949, subject institute began to operate at full capacity in 1951. In February 1957, having become a "deficit" organization, its elimination was planned. Only one section was going to survive and it was going to be attached to an unidentified aeronautical establishment. For the time being, however, this plan has been held in abeyance, and the institute currently is still operating at full capacity.

The institute is under Soviet control, ______its 25X1

real [unofficial] director must be a Russian. (?)

Official Director

Engr. Staszek (fnu), Pole, pilot.

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Other Management Personnel

Engr. Domanski (fnu), Pole; and Engr. Jakubowski (fnu), Pole, in charge of mechanics.

Activity

Subject institute is engaged in the construction of the following training aircraft prototypes:

AVK-8

Based on the original Soviet YAK-23; with single radial, 6-cylinder engine; mid-fuselage wings; wing span, 9 to 10 meters; maximum speed, 250 kilometers per hours; cruising speed, 180 kilometers per hour; built at the Rzeszow Aeronautical Works.

U. YAK

Aircraft similar to the YAK-8, the only difference being that it is a two-seater.

YUNAK

Original Polish aircraft whose mass production is under way at the "Witwornia Sprzetu Komunicacy" (WSK) in Warsaw (Okecje); it has a single radial engine. A design change is in progress, but Source has no data on this.

BIES

Original Polish aircraft of Polish make; single 8-cylinder radial engine; designer, Engr. Soltyk; mass production not yet begun.

SM-l

Helicopter based on Soviet original; two- and four-seater; single engine; single three-blade rotor.

IL-2

Original Polish helicopter; being designed at GIL, Warsaw; single engine; designer, Engr. Zurakowski.

Manpower

About 1,600 technicians, specialists, and workers.

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- 1. Gatekeeper's quarters: manned by the factory militia, some of whom must certainly be UB members.
 - 2. Club, mess hall, and canteen.
- 3. Wind tunnel for testing prototypes; consists of an oval-shaped, reinforced-concrete tube resting on reinforced-concrete pedestals set at intervals of 4 or 5 meters; wall thickness, 50 centimeters; inner diameter, about 20 centimeters; length as far as elbow, about 80 meters; over-all length, about 100 meters; hermetically closed.
- 4. Administrative office: 4-story building, with sheet-metal and tar-paper roof.
- 5. Machine shop: hangar-type concrete building, containing about 50 lathes arranged in 4 rows, mostly of Polish make ("Pabjenizke" plant, Lodz) and Czechoslovak make ("Tossa" plant, Plzen); along the sides there are 6 rooms, used as tool and miscellaneous materials storerooms, executive offices, and a smithy.
 - 6. Research shop.
- 7. Laboratory facilities, manned by technicians and engineers: housed in a one-story building.
 - 8, 8 bis. Millling machine departments.
- 9. Premises where engines are tested; in each room there are metal supports, with concrete bases, for engines undergoing tests.
 - 10. Warehouse for storing materials.
 - 11. Lodgings for management personnel.





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- 12. Prototype assembly room.
- 13. Electric transformer station.
- 14. Railroad spur line.

Future Production

Subject institute appears also to be oriented towards the manufacture of aircraft for the Air Force. In fact, a disassembled MIG jet of Soviet manufacture was brought to the institute for examination. Until October 1956, the Soviets did not allow the manufacture of military aircraft at the institute.

II. Aircraft Plant in Warsaw (April 1957)

Name

This plant conceals its true character under the cover name "Witwornia Sprzetu Komunikacyi" (Production of Communications Equipment). Its cover designation is "WSK-1."

Location

Subject plant is located on Aleja Krahowska, in the Okecje district of Warsaw, adjacent to the Main Aeronautical Institute (GIL).

General Remarks

Subject plant was a subsidiary of the Czechoslovak "Skoda" works until 1934. From that time until the last war, it became State Enterprise for the Aeronautical Industry. After being destroyed during the war, it was later almost entirely rebuilt and is currently operating at full capacity. Production

	The plant	has	stoppe	ed mar	nufe	ecturing	YUNAK-8	trainers	and	has	started
mass	production	of	a new	type	of	aircraft	-				

The plant also manufactures aircraft piston-type engines.

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The plant's production is for domestic consumption and for export.	25X1
during the period 1955-1956, YUNAK-8 aircraft were	
shipped to China	25 X 1
The plant's output comes to 3 or 4 aircraft and an unspecified number	
of aircraft engines per month.	
Aircraft Tests	
The aircraft produced by subject plant are tested at the Okecje air-	
field, which is located about 5 kilometers southwest of Warsaw.	
Number of Workers and Work Shifts	
About 2,500 workers working in shifts, as follows: machine shop	
workers, three θ -hour shifts; other departments, two shifts.	
Electric Power Supply	
There is at the plant an electric transformer station, equipped with	
two transformers which convert current to 380 volts.	
Description of Plant	
	25X1
1. Canteen and club.	
2. Gatekeeper's quarters.	
3. Motor pool, administration, firemen: housed in a one-story buildin	g
subdivided into three parts, as follows:	
a. The part of the building on Aleja Krahowska is used as a motor	
pool. It contains an unspecified number of automobiles for plant executives	
and Polish-made "Lublin" 5-ton trucks.	· 4
b. Administrative offices.	, I

- c. Firefighting unit.
- 4. Machine shop, containing a grinders' section, a galvanizers' section, a tool and equipment storeroom, and technical offices; equipped with an unspecified number of lathes, milling cutters, grinding machines, drills, and "Wetacarka" precision machines of Czechoslovak, Polish, and German manufacture.



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- 5. Management and various offices: housed in a 2-story building.
- 6. Electric transformer station.
- 7. Duraluminum warehouse.
- 8. Assembly department.
- 9. Miscellaneous materials warehouse.
- 10. Coal-burning steam boilers.
- 11. Rail line: comes from the Aeronautical Research Institute and connects with the Warsaw-Radom railroad line.

III. Aircraft Plant at Mielec

(March 1957)

subject 25X1

plant has started mass-producing MIG-17 jet fighters. No parts are imported from the USSR; all parts, including engines, are manufactured at subject plant.

In March 1957, the plant started mass-producing "SM-1" helicopters based on the original Soviet model. Production is oriented towards manufacture of a two-seater helicopter and a four-seater one.

IV. Aircraft Plant at Wroclaw

(July 1956)

Name

"WSK-4."

Location

Subject plant is located at Psie Pole, about 3 kilometers east of Wroclaw.

General Remarks

The plant is oriented particularly towards manufacture of aircraft radial and in-line engines.

V.	Aircraft	Plant	at	Rzeszow

(July 19	56)
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	its	name,	25X1
is "WSK-2."			

VI. Electrical Equipment Plant in Warsaw

(June 1950)

Name

"1 May - T-11."

Location

Subject plant is located on Aleja Wlochowska, in the Okecje district,	
about 8 kilometers from the center of Warsaw.	
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General Remarks

Construction of subject plant began in 1948. It is estimated that production began about 1950-1951.

Production

The plant produces the following items:

- 1. Ship's running lights.
- 2. Headlights for aircraft and motor vehicles.
- 3. Electrical equipment for motor vehicles.
- 4. Electrical equipment for mines.

The plant works only on orders and according to the requirements of various state enterprises concerned.

Number of Workers

About 1,500.

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Description of Plant

The plant consists of a 3-story U-shaped building, laid out as follows:

- First floor: production departments.
- Second and third floors: executive and administrative offices.

VIII. Electric Transformer Plant at Zychlin

(1956)

25X1

the plant employs 4,000 workers.

VIII. Okecje Airport

(March 1957)

Location

Located at Okecje, which is about 5 kilometers southwest of Warsaw, about one kilometer east of the highway leading to Radom, near the Aeronautical Research Institute.

Category

Civilian airport.

Size

About 6 square kilometers.

Runways

There are two concrete runways, each 6-7 kilometers (?) long and 60 meters wide.

Aircraft Parking Areas

There is an aircraft concrete parking area in front of the hangers and another near the airport buildings.

Hangars

There are 7 hangars, including 2 used as workshops, in the area northeast of the airport.



IX. Electrical Equipment Plant at Swidnica

(May 1951)

Name	25X1
"SWAP" (Swidnica Aparat Precsizne, S	widnica Precision Equipment).
S (B	
Location	
Subject plant is located on the nort	hwestern outskirts of Swidnica, 25%
about one kilometer from its center, on t	20,
,	_
General Remarks	
Subject plant is a former German wor	kshop, which was expanded after
the war through the addition of new build	ings adjacent to the main 5-story
building. it concernes	itself with production of equip-
ment for military use, but is unable to s	
Known Production	25X1
Electric meters; ammeters; gauges.	
Number of Workers	
About 400 are engaged in the product	ion of the items listed above.
X. Chemical Plant	at Oswiecim
(February	1956)
Location	
Subject plant is located at Dwory, ne	ear Oswiecim.
General Remarks	
This is an old plant, expanded through	gh the addition of new buildings
built in 1955-1956.	25X1
Production	
	subject plant now concerns
itself not only with fertilizer production	a, but also with the production
(still in the experimental phase) of synth	netic petroleum and sulphuric acid.
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Number of Workers

About 2,000.

XI. Foundry and Blast Furnaces in Chorzow

(September 1953)

Name

"Huta Korzcusko."

Location

Subject installations are located in Chorzow.

General Remarks

Subject installations were recently expanded through the addition of new industrial installations, including one for the production of coke and its by-products.

Known Production

Iron; cast iron; crude steel; rolled steel; carbon coke. The iron output is 400 tons per day.

Number of Workers

About 4,000.

XII. Labedy Iron and Steel Plant

(September 1955)

Name

"Huta Stalin" (formerly "Hermann Goering").

Location

Subject plant is located south of Labedy, on the road leading to Gli Vice.

General Remarks

Since 1951, following the repairing of buildings, which had been damaged during the last war, the plant has been operating at full capacity. Departments whose machinery was taken away by the Soviets during the war. The department concerned with war production is operating at full capacity.

25X1



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Product	ion
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The plant produces the following items:

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- 1. T-34 tanks.
- 2. Steel bridge parts.
- 3. Steel beams.

T-34 tanks are currently being manu-

factured in their entirety in Poland and that no tank parts are now imported from the USSR.

Number of Workers

About 2,000.

25X1



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